

APPENDIX C Paper Tools

CASE #: _____

Facility Name:



Facility Contact: Phone #:			
1. Administrative Communication (NQF 291): Does the medical record documentation indicate that the following			
communication occurred prior to the departure of the patient from the ED to another healthcare facility?			
	Yes	No	NA
a. Evidence of communication between the transferring ED and the receiving hospital (this does not need to be a full report,			
acceptable communication includes assuring the availability of appropriate bed and staff for the patient).			
acceptable communication metades assuming the availability of appropriate bed and stan for the patienty.			
b. evidence of the Physician/Advanced, Practice Nurse/Physician, Assistant, (Physician/APN/PA) to Physician/APN/PA			
communication			1
2. Patient Information (NQF # 294): Does the medical record documentation indicate that the following patient information			
went with the patient or was communicated via fax or phone or internet/Electronic Health Record			
within 60 minutes of the patient's discharge?	Voc	No	NA
	Yes	No	NA
a. patient name b. patient address			
c. patient age or date of birth			
d. patient gender			
e. patient contact information (family member/significant other/friend)			
f. patient health insurance information			
3. Vital Signs (NQF # 292) Does the medical record documentation indicate that the following patient's vital signs were taken			
and the information went with the patient or was communicated via fax or phone or internet/Electronic Health Record within			
60 minutes of the patient's discharge?	Yes	No	NA
a. pulse			
b. respiratory rate			
c. blood pressure			
d. oxygen saturation			
e. temperature			
f. glasgow coma scale or other neurologic assessment (trauma, cognitively altered, or neurology patients only)			
4. Medication Information (NQF # 293): Does the medical record documentation indicate that the following patient's			
medication information went with the patient or was communicated via fax or phone or internet/Electronic Health Record			
within 60 minutes of the patient's discharge?			
note: if it is documented that patient is not on any home medications, no ED medications were perscribed or does not have			
any allergies select "yes" Also: if it is documented that it is unknown if patient is on home medication or has			
allergies/reactions select "yes"	Yes	No	NA
a. medications administered in the ED			
b. allergies/reactions (includes food, medication, other and allergic reactions)			
c. home medications (including home scripts, PRN, OTC, herbals,etc)			
5. Physician Information (NQF # 295): Does the medical record documentation indicate that the following physician or			
practitioner generated information went with the patient or was communicated via fax or phone or internet/Electronic			
Health Record within 60 minutes of the patient's discharge?	Yes	No	NA
a. history and physical (Must minimally include history of the current ED episode, a focused physical exam and relevant			
chronic conditions. Chronic conditions may be excluded if the patient is neurologically altered)			
enome conditions, enrome conditions may be excluded in the patient is hearoidgleany alteredy			
b. reason for transfer and/or plan of care			
6. Nurse Generated Information (NQF # 296): Does the medical record documentation indicate that the following nurse			
generated information went with the patient or was communicated via fax or phone or internet/Electronic Health Record			
within 60 minutes of the patient's discharge?	Yes	No	NA
a. nursing notes (examples: assessments/interventions/patient response or SOAP notes	165	NO	NA
b. sensory status (impairments) (includes mental, speech,Illhearing, vision, sensation)			
c. catheters/ IV			
d. immobilizations			ļ
e. respiratory support			
f. oral restrictions			
7. Procedures and Tests Information (NQF # 297): Does the medical record documentation indicate that the following			
procedures and tests information went with the patient or was communicated via fax or phone or internet/Electronic Health			
Record within 60 minutes of the patient's discharge?	Yes	No	NA
a. tests and procedures performed			
b. tests and procedure results			

Complete one extraction form per chart reviewed. See Guidelines for number of cases to submit or sample for each month of the reporting period.

This paper abstraction tool is provided as an informal mechanism to aid hospital outpatient departments in the collection of Hospital Outpatient Quality Measures. It should be noted that skip logic is not contained within the paper abstraction tool. If there are any questions or concerns regarding use of this paper abstraction tool, please contact the Hospital Outpatient Quality Reporting Program Support Contractor (Hospital OQR Program SC) at oqrsupport@hsag.com.

What was the earliest documented time the patient arrived at the outpatient or emergency department? (<i>Arrival Time</i>)HH:MM (with or without colon) or UTD
First Name
Last Name
What was the patient's sex on arrival? (Sex) Female Male Unknown
What is the patient's date of birth? (<i>Birthdate</i>) MM-DD-YYYY (includes dashes). UTD is not an allowable entry.
What is the patient's race? (Race) (Select one option)
 1 White: Patient's race is White or the patient has origins in Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa. 2 Black or African American: Patient's race is Black or African American. 3 American Indian or Alaska Native: Patient's race is American Indian/Alaska Native. 4 Asian: Patient's race is Asian. 5 Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander: Patient's race is Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander. 7 UTD: Unable to determine the patient's race or not stated (e.g., not documented, conflicting documentation or patient unwilling to provide).
Is the patient of Hispanic ethnicity or Latino? (Hispanic Ethnicity)
 Yes Patient is of Hispanic ethnicity or Latino. No Patient is not of Hispanic ethnicity or Latino or unable to determine from medical record documentation.
Whether the model of the method P and P (Dented Code)

What was the number used to identify this outpatient encounter? (Patient Identifier)

CMS Certification Number (Format six digits)

- **1.** What was the E/M Code documented for this outpatient encounter? (EMCODE)
 - 99281 Emergency department visit, new or established patient
 - 99282 Emergency department visit, new or established patient

99283 Emergency department visit, new or established patient

99284 Emergency department visit, new or established patient

99285 Emergency department visit, new or established patient

99291 Critical care, evaluation and management

2. What was the patient's discharge code from the outpatient setting? (DISCHGCODE?) (Select one option)

- $\neg 1$ Home
- $\boxed{2}$ Hospice – Home
- Hospice Health Care Facility 3
- Acute Care Facility General Inpatient Care 4a
- Acute Care Facility Critical Access Hospital 4b
- Acute Care Facility Cancer Hospital or Children's Hospital 4c
- Acute Care Facility Department of Defense or Veteran's Administration 4d
- Other Health Care facility 5
- 6 Expired
- 7 Left Against Medical Advice/AMA
- Not Documented or Unable to Determine (UTD) 8
- 3. What was the ICD-10-CM code selected as the principal diagnosis for this record? (PRINDX) (Format eight digits, without a decimal point)

4. What were the ICD-10-CM other diagnoses codes selected for this medical record? (**OTHRDX#**) (Format eight digits, without a decimal point)



- Source of payment is Medicare 1
- $\square 2$ Source of payment is Non-Medicare
- 6. Is there documentation of ST-segment elevation on the electrocardiogram (ECG) performed closest to emergency department arrival? (INITECGINT)

 - Yes ST-segment elevation on the interpretation of the 12-lead ECG performed closest to emergency department arrival.
 - No ST-segment elevation on the interpretation of the 12-lead ECG performed closest to No emergency department arrival, no interpretation or report available for the ECG performed closest to emergency department arrival, or unable to determine from medical record documentation.

CMS Abstraction & Reporting Tool (CART-Outpatient)-Version 1.17 Encounter dates 01-01-19 through 12-31-19 v12.0a

7.	Did the patient receive	e fibrinolytic therapy at	t this emergency departmen	t? (FIBADMIN)
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Yes Fibrinolytic therapy was initiated at this emergency department.

] No	There is no documentation fi	brinolytic therapy	was ini	itiated at this	emergency of	lepartment, or
	unable to determine from me	dical record docum	nentati	on.		

8. What was the date primary fibrinolytic therapy was initiated during this hospital stay? (FIBADMINDT)

_____MM-DD-YYYY (includes dashes) or UTD

9. What was the time (military time) primary fibrinolytic therapy was initiated during this hospital stay? (FIBADMINTM)

_HH:MM (with or without colon) or UTD

10. Is there a reason documented by a physician/APN/PA for a delay in in	itiating fibrinolytic
therapy after hospital arrival? (REASONDELFIB)	

- Yes Reason documented by a physician/APN/PA for a delay in initiating fibrinolytic therapy after hospital arrival.
- No No reason documented by a physician/APN/PA for a delay in initiating fibrinolytic therapy after hospital arrival, or unable to determine from medical record documentation.

11. Was there documentation the patient was transferred from this facility's emergency department to another facility for acute coronary intervention? (TRANSFERCORINT)

- 1 There was documentation the patient was transferred from this facility's emergency department to another facility specifically for acute coronary intervention.
 - There was documentation the patient was admitted to observation status prior to transfer.
 - 3 There was documentation the patient was transferred from this facility's emergency department to another facility for reasons other than acute coronary intervention, or the specific reason for transfer was unable to be determined from medical record documentation.

14. Select one of the following potential contraindications or reasons for not administering fibrinolytic therapy. (REASONNOFIBADMIN)

- Documented contraindication/reason
- 2 Cardiogenic Shock
- 3 No documented contraindication/reason or UTD

15. Was the patient's chest pain presumed to be cardiac in origin? (PROBCARDCP)

- Yes There was nurse or physician/APN/PA documentation the chest pain was presumed to be cardiac in origin.
- No There was no nurse or physician/APN/PA documentation the chest pain was presumed to be cardiac in origin, or unable to determine from medical record documentation.

16. Was an ECG performed within 1 hour before emergency department arrival or in the ED prior to transfer? (ECGDONE)

- Yes There was an ECG performed within 1 hour before emergency department arrival or in the ED prior to transfer.
- No There was not an ECG performed within 1 hour before emergency department arrival or in the ED prior to transfer, or unable to determine from medical record documentation.
- 18. What is the time (military time) the earliest 12-lead Electrocardiogram (ECG) was performed? (ECGTM)

_HH:MM (with or without colon) or \Box UTD

- **19.** What is the first physician identifier? (PHYSICIAN_1)
- 20. What is the second physician identifier? (PHYSICIAN_2)

CHEST PAIN (CP) CART PAPER TOOL

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What was the date the patient arrived in the hospital outpatient setting? (*Outpatient Encounter Date*) _______MM-DD-YYYY (includes dashes). UTD is not an allowable entry.

What was the earliest documented time the patient arrived at the outpatient or emergency department? (<i>Arrival Time</i>)					
	HH:MM (with or without colon) or UTD				

F	irst	Na	me	

Last Name_____

T. () T

What was the patient's sex on arrival? (Sex)	Female [] Male [Unknown
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What is the patient's date of birth? (*Birthdate*)

_____MM-DD-YYYY (includes dashes). UTD is not an allowable entry.

What is the patient's race? (Race) (Select one option)

- 1 White: Patient's race is White or the patient has origins in Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.
- 2 Black or African American: Patient's race is Black or African American.
- 3 American Indian or Alaska Native: Patient's race is American Indian/Alaska Native.
- 4 Asian: Patient's race is Asian.
- 5 Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander: Patient's race is Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander.
- 7 UTD: Unable to determine the patient's race or not stated (e.g., not documented, conflicting documentation or patient unwilling to provide).

Is the patient of Hispanic ethnicity or Latino? (Hispanic Ethnicity)

- Yes Patient is of Hispanic ethnicity or Latino.
- No Patient is not of Hispanic ethnicity or Latino or unable to determine from medical record documentation.

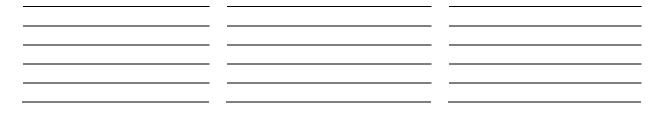
What is the postal code of the patient's residence? (*Postal Code*)______ Five or nine digits, HOMELESS or NON-US

What was the number used to identify this outpatient encounter? (Patient Identifier)

CMS Certification Number (CCN) (Format six digits)

CHEST PAIN (CP) CART PAPER TOOL

- 1. What was the E/M Code documented for this outpatient encounter? (EMCODE)
 - 99281 Emergency department visit, new or established patient
 - 99282 Emergency department visit, new or established patient
 - 99283 Emergency department visit, new or established patient
 - 99284 Emergency department visit, new or established patient
 - 99285 Emergency department visit, new or established patient
 - 99291 Critical care, evaluation and management
- 2. What was the patient's discharge code from the outpatient setting? (DISCHGCODE?) (Select one option)
 - 1 Home
 - 2 Hospice Home
 - 3 Hospice Health Care Facility
 - 4a Acute Care Facility General Inpatient Care
 - 4b Acute Care Facility Critical Access Hospital
 - 4c Acute Care Facility Cancer Hospital or Children's Hospital
 - 4d Acute Care Facility Department of Defense or Veteran's Administration
 - 5 Other Health Care facility
 - 6 Expired
 -] 7 Left Against Medical Advice/AMA
 - 8 Not Documented or Unable to Determine (UTD)
- **3.** What was the ICD-10-CM code selected as the principal diagnosis for this record? (PRINDX) (Format eight digits, without a decimal point)
- 4. What were the ICD-10-CM other diagnoses codes selected for this medical record? (OTHRDX#) (Format eight digits, without a decimal point)



- 5. What is the patient's source of payment for this outpatient encounter? (PMTSRCE)
 -] 1Source of payment is Medicare
 - 2 Source of payment is Non-Medicare
- 6. Was the patient's chest pain presumed to be cardiac in origin? (PROBCARDCP)
 - Yes There was nurse or physician/APN/PA documentation the chest pain was presumed to be cardiac in origin
 - No There was no nurse or physician/APN/PA documentation the chest pain was presumed to be cardiac in origin, or unable to determine from medical record documentation.

CHEST PAIN (CP) CART PAPER TOOL

- 7. Was an ECG performed within 1 hour before emergency department arrival or in the ED prior to transfer? (ECGDONE)
 - Yes There was an ECG performed within 1 hour before emergency department arrival or in the ED prior to transfer.
 - No There was not an ECG performed within 1 hour before emergency department arrival or in the ED prior to transfer, or unable to determine from medical record documentation.
- 8. What is the date the earliest 12-lead Electrocardiogram (ECG) was performed? (ECGDT) MM-DD-YYYY (includes dashes) or UTD
- **13.** What is the first physician identifier? (PHYSICIAN_1)
- 14. What is the second physician identifier? (PHYSICIAN_2)

ED-THROUGHPUT CART PAPER TOOL

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What was the date the patient arrived in the hospital outpatient setting? (*Outpatient Encounter Date*) _________MM-DD-YYYY (includes dashes). UTD is not an allowable entry.

What was the earliest documented time the patient arrived at the outpatient or emergency department? (<i>Arrival Time</i>) HH:MM (with or without colon) or UTD
First Name
Last Name
What was the patient's sex on arrival? (Sex) Female Male Unknown
What is the patient's date of birth? (<i>Birthdate</i>) MM-DD-YYYY (includes dashes). UTD is not an allowable entry.
What is the patient's race? (Race) (Select one option)
 1 White: Patient's race is White or the patient has origins in Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa. 2 Black or African American: Patient's race is Black or African American. 3 American Indian or Alaska Native: Patient's race is American Indian/Alaska Native. 4 Asian: Patient's race is Asian. 5 Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander: Patient's race is Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander. 7 UTD: Unable to determine the patient's race or not stated (e.g., not documented, conflicting documentation or patient unwilling to provide).
Is the patient of Hispanic ethnicity or Latino? (Hispanic Ethnicity)
 Yes Patient is of Hispanic ethnicity or Latino. No Patient is not of Hispanic ethnicity or Latino or unable to determine from medical record documentation.
What is the postal code of the patient's residence? (<i>Postal Code</i>) Five or nine digits, HOMELESS or NON-US

What was the number used to identify this outpatient encounter? (*Patient Identifier*)

CMS Certification Number (Format six digits)

ED-THROUGHPUT CART PAPER TOOL

- 1. What was the E/M Code documented for this outpatient encounter? (EMCODE)
 - 99281 Emergency department visit, new or established patient
 - 99282 Emergency department visit, new or established patient
 - 99283 Emergency department visit, new or established patient
 - 99284 Emergency department visit, new or established patient
 - 99285 Emergency department visit, new or established patient
 - 99291 Critical care, evaluation and management
- 2. What was the patient's discharge code from the outpatient setting? (DISCHGCODE?) (Select one option)
 - 1 Home
 - 2 Hospice Home
 - 3 Hospice Health Care Facility
 - 4a Acute Care Facility General Inpatient Care
 - 4b Acute Care Facility Critical Access Hospital
 - 4c Acute Care Facility Cancer Hospital or Children's Hospital
 - 4d Acute Care Facility Department of Defense or Veteran's Administration
 - 5 Other Health Care facility
 - 6 Expired
 -] 7 Left Against Medical Advice/AMA
 - 8 Not Documented or Unable to Determine (UTD)
- **3.** What was the ICD-10-CM code selected as the principal diagnosis for this record? (PRINDX) (Format eight digits, without a decimal point) ______
- 4. What is the patient's source of payment for this outpatient encounter? (PMTSRCE)
 - Source of payment is Medicare
 - 2 Source of payment is Non-Medicare
- 5. What is the date the patient departed from the emergency department? (EDDEPARTDT) ______ MM-DD-YYYY (includes dashes) or ____ UTD
- 7. What is the first physician identifier? (PHYSICIAN_1)
- 8. What is the second physician identifier? (PHYSICIAN_2)

EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT (ED)

CART PAPER TOOL

Provid	er Name:			
CMS C	ertification Numbe	r (CCN):		
Nation	al Provider Identifie	er (NPI):		
Health	Care Organization	Identifier (HC	OID):(Joint Comr	
			(Joint Comr	
Last Na	ame:			
Sex: _	Female	Male	Unknown	
Birthda All date	ate:/ es are in MM-DD-YY	/ YY. UTD is not	an allowable entry.	
	(Select one option) White Black or African Ame American Indian or A Asian Native Hawaiian or F UTD hic Ethnicity: No	Alaska Native		
	Yes			
	t Identifier: 0 letters, numbers, a	and/or characte	ers	
Admis: All date	sion Date: es are in MM-DD-YY`	_// YY. UTD is not	an allowable entry.	
Discha All date	r ge Date: es are in MM-DD-YY`	// YY. UTD is not	an allowable entry.	
Abstra	ctor ID:			
Abstra All date	ction Date: es are in MM-DD-YY	_// YY. UTD is no	t an allowable entry.	

Vendor Tracking Identifier:

(Joint Commission Required)

- 1. Would you like the questions to be enabled or disabled appropriately per the measure algorithms, or do you want all questions enabled? (SKIPPATTERN) (Data Entry Question Only)
- 2. What was the ICD-10-CM code selected as the principal diagnosis for this record? (PRINDX) (Format: 3–7 characters without decimal point ordot)
- 3. Were there ICD-10-CM Other Diagnosis Codes (OTHRDX#A) (Format: 3–7 characters without decimal point or dot)

4. Was there an ICD-10-PCS code selected as the principal procedure for this

 Was there an ICD-10-PCS code selected as the principal procedure for this record? (PRINPXA) (Format: 3–7 characters without decimal point or dot) All dates are in MM-DD-YYYY.

ICD-10-PCS Principal Procedure Code ICD-10-PCS Principal Procedure Date or UTD

_

____/_/ 🗆 UTD

5. Were there ICD-10-PCS Other Procedure Codes? (OTHRPX#A)

ICD-10-PCS Other Procedure Codes

ICD-10-PCS-Other Procedure Dates

(Format: 3–7 characters without decimal point or dot)

All dates are in MM-DD-YYYY or UTD.

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6. What is the patient's source of payment for this episode of care? (PMTSRCE)

- □ Source of payment is Medicare.
- □ Source of payment is Non-Medicare.

- 7. What is the postal code of the patient's residence? (POSTALCODE) (Five or nine digits, HOMELESS OR NON-US) _____
- 8. Does this case represent part of a sample? (SAMPLE)
 - □ Yes. The data represents part of a sample.
 - □ No. The data is not part of a sample; this indicates the hospital is performing 100 percent of the discharges eligible for this measure set.

ED Data Elements

- 9. Was the patient an ED patient at the facility? (EDPATIENT)
 - □ Yes. There is documentation the patient was an ED patient.
 - □ No. There is no documentation the patient was an ED patient, OR unable to determine from medical record documentation.
- 10. What was the earliest documented month, day, and year of the decision to admit? (DCNADMITDT: MM-DD-YYYY or UTD)____/___/ UTD
- **11. What was the earliest documented time of the decision to admit?**

 (DCNADMITTM: Military format HH:MM or UTD)
- **12.** What is the date the patient departed from the emergency department? (EDDEPARTDT: MM-DD-YYYY or UTD) _____ / ____ UTD
- **13. What is the time the patient departed from the emergency department?** (EDDEPARTTM: Military format HH:MM or UTD)_____ UTD
- 14. What is the first physician identifier? (PHYSICIAN_1)
- 15. What is the second physician identifier? (PHYSICIAN_2)



Patient Safety Comp		•	•		
Instructions for this form are available at: http://v	<pre>/ww.cdc.gov/nhsn/for</pre>	ms/instr/57_1	103-TOI.pdf		
Page 1 of 14					
*required for saving		Tracking #:			
Facility ID:		*Survey Yea	ir:		
Facility Characteristics (completed by Infection	Preventionist)				
*Ownership (check one):					
□ For profit	Not for profit, incl church	uding 🗌	Government		
□ Military	□ Veterans Affairs] Physician owned		
If facility is a Hospital:					
*Number of patient days:					
*Number of admissions:					
For any Hospital:					
*Is your hospital a teaching hospital for physicians	and/or physicians-in-ti	aining?	□ Yes	🗆 No	
If Yes, what type:	□ Major	Graduate	🗆 Underg	graduate	
*Number of beds set up and staffed in the following ICU (including adult, pediatric, and neonatal levels b. All other inpatient locations:		fined by NHSI — —	N):		
Facility Microbiology Laboratory Practices (cor	npleted with input fro	om Microbiolo	ogy Laboratory Lea	ad)	
*1. Does your facility have its own on-site laborator antimicrobial susceptibility testing?	ry that performs bacter	ial	□ Yes	□ No	
If No, where is your facility's antimicrobial suscepti	bility testing performed	I? (check one))		
□ Affiliated medical center					
Commercial referral laboratory					
□ Other local/regional, non-affiliated reference lab	oratorv				
3 <i>i</i>	,		Cont	inued >>	
Assurance of Confidentiality: The information obtained in this s collected with a guarantee that it will be held in strict confidence released without the consent of the individual, or the institution USC 242b, 242k, and 242m(d)).	e, will be used only for the p	urposes stated, a	nd will not otherwise be o	lisclosed or	
Public reporting burden of this collection of information is estimated to average 75 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to CDC, Reports Clearance Officer, 1600 Clifton Rd., MS D-74, Atlanta, GA 30333, ATTN: PRA (0920-0666).					
CDC 57.103 (Front) Rev. 11, v9.2					



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Facility Microbiology Laboratory Practices (continued)

*2. For the following organisms please indicate which methods are used for:

(1) Primary susceptibility testing and

(2) Secondary, supplemental, or confirmatory testing (if performed).

If your laboratory does not perform susceptibility testing, please indicate the methods used at the outside laboratory.

Please use the testing codes listed below the table.

Pathogen		(1) Primary	(2) Secon	dary	Commen	ts	
Staphylococcus aureus							
Enterobacteriaceae							
1 = Kirby-Bauer disk diffusion	-	5.1 = MicroScan - <u>Walk</u>	<u>Away</u>	10 = E test			
2 = Vitek (Legacy)		5.2 = MICIOSCAIT AUIOSCAIT + vancom			comycin agar screen (BHI hycin) er (describe in Comments		
2.1 = Vitek 2				13 = Other			
3.1 = BD Phoenix							
4 = Sensititre							
*3. Has the laboratory implemented for Enterobacteriaceae recommended	ed by CLSI as of	2010?		kpoints	□ Yes	□ No	
*4. Has the laboratory implemented the revised carbapenem breakpoints for Enterobacteriaceae recommended by CLSI as of 2010?				□ Yes	□ No		
*5. Does the laboratory perform a tea automated testing instrument expert		f carbapenemase? (th	is does not	include	□ Yes	□ No	
If Yes, please indicate what is done	-	-	ed: (check	one)			
 Report carbapenem MIC results without an interpretation No changes are made in the interpretation of carbapenems, the test is used for epidemiological or infection control practices 							
If Yes, which test is routinely perforn	ned to detect car	bapenemase: (check a	all that appl	y)			
		□MBL Sc	reen				
Modified Hodge Test		🗆 Carba N	NP				
□ mCIM/CIM		🗆 Rapid (CARB Blue				
□ E test		🗆 Other (s	specify):				
Cepheid, BioFire array, Verigene	R						
If Yes, does the laboratory have a policy to routinely notify any of the following when CP-CRE are detected?							
Physician	Yes	🗆 No					
Infection Control	Yes	🗆 No 💷					



Patient Safety Component—Annual Hospital Survey			
Page 3 of 14			
Facility Microbiology Labora	atory Practices (continued)		
*6. Does the laboratory perfor Gram-negative bacilli?	m colistin or polymyxin B susceptibility tes	ting for drug-resistant	🗆 Yes 🗆 No
	ds: (check all that apply; answers listed are y are recommended for use in polymyxin		susceptibility testing
□ Vitek 2	MicroScan autoSCAN	Kirby-Bauer disk	diffusion
BD Phoenix	Other broth microdilution method	□ Accelerate Phen	0
□ Sensititre	□ Agar dilution method	\Box Other (specify):	
□ MicroScan- WalkAway	□ E test		
 laboratory serving your facility MALDI-TOF MS System MALDI-TOF MS System Vitek-2 BD Phoenix MicroScan 	n (Vitek MS) n (Bruker Biotyper) Kit (e.g., API 20C, RapID, Germ Tube, PI		or at the outside
that apply)	ch of the following body sites are usually f	ully identified to the spo	ecies level? (check all
 Other normally sterile t Urine 	budy site (e.g., CSF)		
□ Respiratory			
□ Other (specify)			
□ None are fully identified			
	ntifungal susceptibility testing (AFST) at y	our facility's laboratory	or the outside
□ Broth microdilution	YeastOne colorimetric microdilution	□ E test	□ Vitek 2 card
Disk diffusion	□ Other (specify):	_	
Continued >>			



Patient Safety Component—Annual Hospital Survey
Page 4 of 14
*10. Antifungal susceptibility testing is performed on fungal isolates in which of the following situations: <i>Candida albicans</i> :
□ Always □ Only when isolated from sterile sites (eg: blood, CSF, etc) □ Only when ordered by a clinician; Other (specify): <i>Candida glabrata</i> :
□ Always □ Only when isolated from sterile sites (eg: blood, CSF, etc) □ Only when ordered by a clinician Other (specify): All other <i>Candida</i> species:
□ Always □ Only when isolated from sterile sites (eg: blood, CSF, etc) □ Only when ordered by a clinician Other (specify):
Facility Microbiology Laboratory Practices (continued)
*11. What is the primary testing method for <i>C. difficile</i> used most often by your facility's laboratory or the outside laboratory where your facility's testing is performed? (check one)
Enzyme immunoassay (EIA) for toxin
Cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay
Nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) (e.g., PCR, LAMP)
NAAT plus EIA, if NAAT positive (2-step algorithm)
□ Glutamate dehydrogenase (GDH) antigen plus EIA for toxin (2-step algorithm)

- □ GDH plus NAAT (2-step algorithm)
- □ GDH plus EIA for toxin, followed by NAAT for discrepant results
- □ Toxigenic culture (*C. difficile* culture followed by detection of toxins)

*12. Please indicate the primary and definitive method used to identify microbes from blood cultures collected in your facility. (SELECT ONE ANSWER)

□ MALDI-TOF MS System (Vitek MS)

- □ MALDI-TOF MS System (Bruker Biotyper)
- □ Automated Instrument (e.g., Vitek, MicroScan, Phoenix, OmniLog, Sherlock, etc.)
- □ Non-automated Manual Kit (e.g., API, Crystal, RapID, etc.)
- □ Rapid Identification (e.g., Verigene, BioFire FilmArray, PNA-FISH, Gene Xpert, etc.)

□16S rRNA Sequencing

*13. Please indicate any additional secondary methods used for microbe identification from blood cultures collected in your facility (e.g., a rapid method that is confirmed with the primary method, a secondary method if the primary method fails to give an identification, or a method that is used in conjunction with the primary method). (SELECT ALL THAT APPLY)

- □ MALDI-TOF MS System (Vitek MS)
- □ MALDI-TOF MS System (Bruker Biotyper)
- □ Automated Instrument (e.g., Vitek, MicroScan, Phoenix, OmniLog, Sherlock, etc.)
- □ Non-automated Manual Kit (e.g., API, Crystal, RapID, etc.)
- □ Rapid Identification (e.g., Verigene, BioFire FilmArray, PNA-FISH, Gene Xpert, etc.)
- □16S rRNA Sequencing



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Infection Control Practices
(completed with input from Hospital Epidemiologist and/or Quality Improvement Coordinator)
*14. Number or fraction of infection preventionists (IPs) in facility:
a. Total hours per week performing surveillance:
b. Total hours per week for infection control activities other than surveillance:
*15. Number or fraction of full-time employees (FTEs) for a designated hospital epidemiologist (or equivalent role) affiliated with your facility:
Infection Control Practices
(completed with input from Hospital Epidemiologist and/or Quality Improvement Coordinator)
*16. Is it a policy in your facility that patients infected or colonized with MRSA are routinely placed in contact precautions while these patients are in your facility? (check one)
Yes, all infected or colonized patients
□ No
Not applicable: my facility never admits these patients
If Yes, please check the type of patients that are routinely placed in contact precautions while I your facility (check one):
□ All infected or colonized patients
Only all infected patients
Only infected or colonized patients with certain characteristics (check all that apply)
□Patients admitted to high risk settings
\Box Patients at high risk for transmission
*17. Is it a policy in your facility that patients infected or colonized with VRE are routinely placed in contact precautions while these patients are in your facility? (check one)
Yes, all infected or colonized patients
Not applicable: my facility never admits these patients
If Yes, please check the type of patients that are routinely placed in contact precautions while I your facility (check one):
□ All infected or colonized patients
□ Only all infected patients
\Box Only infected or colonized patients with certain characteristics (check all that apply)
□Patients admitted to high risk settings
□Patients at high risk for transmission



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*18. Is it a policy in your facility that patients infected or colonized with CRE (regardless of confirmatory testing for carbapenemase production) are routinely placed in contact precautions while these patients are in your facility? (check one)

□ Yes, all infected or colonized patients

🗆 No

□ Not applicable: my facility never admits these patients

If Yes, please check the type of patients that are routinely placed in contact precautions while I your facility (check one):

 \Box All infected or colonized patients

- \Box Only all infected patients
- □ Only infected or colonized patients with certain characteristics (check all that apply)

□Patients admitted to high risk settings

 \Box Patients at high risk for transmission

*19. Is it a policy in your facility that patients infected or colonized with suspected or confirmed ESBL-producing or extended spectrum cephalosporin resistant Enterobacteriaceae are routinely placed in contact precautions while these patients are in your facility? (check one)

□ Yes, all infected or colonized patients

🗆 No

□ Not applicable: my facility never admits these patients

If Yes, please check the type of patients that are routinely placed in contact precautions while I your facility (check one):

- □ All infected or colonized patients
- Only all infected patients
- □ Only infected or colonized patients with certain characteristics (check all that apply)
- Patients admitted to high risk settings
- $\hfill\square$ Patients at high risk for transmission

Infection Control Practices

(completed with input from Hospital Epidemiologist and/or Quality Improvement Coordinator)

*20. Does the facility routinely perform screening testing (culture or non-culture) for CRE?

□ Yes □ No

- If Yes, in which situations does the facility routinely perform screening testing for CRE? (check all that apply)
- □ Surveillance testing at admission for all patients
- □ Surveillance testing of epidemiologically-linked patients of newly identified CRE patients (e.g., roommates)
- □ Surveillance testing at admission of high-risk patients (e.g., admitted from LTAC or LTCF)
- □ Surveillance testing at admission of patients admitted to high-risk settings (e.g. ICU)

□ Other (please specify):



Patient Safety Component—Annual Hospital Surv	vey	
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*21. Does the facility routinely perform screening testing (culture or non-culture) for MRSA for any patients admitted to non-NICU settings?	□ Yes	□ No
If yes, in which situations does the facility routinely perform screening testing for MRSA_for (check all that apply)	non-NICL	settings?
Surveillance testing at admission for all patients		
\Box Surveillance testing at admission of high-risk patients (e.g., admitted from LTAC or L ⁻	ICF)	
□ Surveillance testing at admission of patients admitted to high-risk settings (e.g. ICU)		
Surveillance testing of pre-operative patients to prevent surgical site infections		
□ Other (please specify):		
*22.Does the facility routinely perform screening testing (culture or non-culture) for MRSA for any patients admitted to -NICU settings?	□ Yes	□ No
If yes, in which situations does the facility routinely perform screening testing for MRSA for all that apply)	NICU sett	ings? (check
Surveillance testing at admission for all transferred patients		
Surveillance testing of patients from known MRSA positive mothers		
\Box Surveillance testing of high-risk patients (e.g. infants born premature)		
\Box Routine active surveillance testing (i.e., point prevalence surveys)		
□ Other (please specify):		
*23. Does the facility routinely use chlorhexidine bathing on any patient to prevent infection or transmission of MDROs at your facility? (Note: this does not include the use of such bathing in pre-operative patients to prevent SSIs)	□ Yes	□ No
*24. Does the facility routinely use a combination of topical chlorhexidine <u>AND</u> intranasal mupirocin (or equivalent agent) on any patients to prevent infection or transmission of MRSA at your facility? (Note: this does not include the use of these agents in pre-operative surgical patients or dialysis patients)	□ Yes	□ No
Facility Neonatal Patient Care Practices and Neonatal Admission Information		
(To be completed with input from the NICU Medical Director, Lead Neonatal Physician, Manager, and/or Lead Neonatal Nurse Practitioner)*	leonatal N	lurse
*25. Was this section completed in collaboration with your facility's neonatal patient care team from at least one of the following neonatal patient care team members: NICU Medical Director, Physician, Neonatal Nurse Manager, Lead Neonatal Nurse Practitioner)?		
□ No		
\Box N/A, my facility does not provide neonatal patient care services		
If N/A was selected in question 25 above, questions 26-30 below do not apply to your fac skipped. If your facility does care for neonates (at any level), please complete questions		should be



Patient Safety Component—Annual Hospital Sur	vey
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	estions should be answered based on the policies and practices that were in place for ti endar year.	no majority or the la
	. Excluding Level I units (well newborn nurseries), record the number of neonatal admis series (Level II) and Intensive Care Units (Level II/III, Level III, Level IV):	ssions to Special Ca
a.	Inborn Admissions:	
b.	Outborn Admissions:	
out	. Excluding Level I units (well newborn nurseries), record the number of neonatal admis born) to Special Care (Level II) and Intensive Care (Level II/III, Level III, Level IV) in eac egories:	
a.	Less than or equal to 750 grams:	
b.	751-1000 grams:	
C.	1001-1500 grams:	
d.	1501-2500 grams:	
e.	More than 2500 grams:	
and cor *29 pro	tained life support, comprehensive care for infants born <32 weeks gestation I weighing <1500 grams, a full range of respiratory support that may include ventional and/or high-frequency ventilation)? Does your facility accept neonates as transfers for any of the following cedures: Omphalocele repair; ventriculoperitoneal shunt; tracheoesophageal Jla (TEF)/esophageal atresia repair; bowel resection/reanastomosis;	□ Yes □
*30	ningomyelocele repair; cardiac catheterization. . If your facility administers antimicrobials (oral or parenteral) to newborns residing in th SN location(s) is the baby mapped? (Select all that apply)	eir mother's room, to
	\Box N/A, my facility requires that newborns be transferred to a higher level of care (i.e. sp neonatal intensive care unit) in order for antimicrobials to be administered	becial care nursery o
	Level I neonatal unit (well newborn nursery)	
	□ Labor and Delivery Ward, Postpartum Ward, or Labor, Delivery, Recovery, Postpartu	ım Suite
	ibiotic Stewardship Practices	
(cc	mpleted with input from Physician and Pharmacist Stewardship Champions)	
243	. Our facility has a formal statement of support for antibiotic stewardship (e.g., ritten policy or statement approved by the board).	□ Yes □
	. Facility leadership has demonstrated a commitment to antibiotic stewardship efforts by	y: (Check all that ap
a w		
a w 32'	□ Communicating to staff about stewardship activities, via email, newsletters, events, c	
a w 32'	 Communicating to staff about stewardship activities, via email, newsletters, events, o Providing opportunities for staff training and development on antibiotic stewardship. 	
a w 32'		or other avenues.



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 33*. Our facility has a committee responsible for antibiotic stewardship. If Yes, membership in our facility's antibiotic stewardship committee includes: (Check all that Non-infectious diseases trained prescriber(s) Infectious disease physician(s) Pharmacist(s) Nurse(s) Infection preventionist(s) Microbiologist(s) Information technologist(s) A patient representative None of the Above 	□ Yes apply.)	□ No
 34*. Our facility has a leader (or co-leaders) responsible for antibiotic stewardship outcomes. If Yes, what is the position of this leader? (Check one.) Physician Pharmacist Co-led by both Pharmacist and Physician Other (please specify):	□ Yes	□ No
If Physician or Co-led is selected, which of the following describes your antibiotic stewardship (Check all that apply.) Has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description Is physically on-site in your facility (either part-time or full-time) Completed an ID fellowship Completed a certificate program or other coursework None of the above	o physician	leader?
If Pharmacist or Co-led is selected, which of the following describes your antibiotic stewards leader? (Check all that apply.) Has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description Is physically on-site in your facility (either part-time or full-time) Completed a PGY2 ID residency and/or ID fellowship Completed a certificate program or other coursework None of the above Here is there exclose a barry picture program.	hip pharma	cist
If Physician or Other, is there at least one pharmacist responsible for improving antibiotic use at your facility?	□ Yes	🗆 No



Patient Safety Component—Annual Hospital Survey
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35*. Our facility has a policy or formal procedure for: (Check all that apply.)
Required documentation of indication for antibiotic orders.
If selected: Our stewardship team monitors adherence to the policy or formal procedure for required documentation of indication for all antibiotic orders.
Required documentation of duration for antibiotic orders.
□ The treating team to review antibiotics 48-72 hours after initial order (i.e., antibiotic time-out).
□ The stewardship team to review courses of therapy for specific antibiotic agents and provide real-time feedback and recommendations to the treating team (i.e., prospective audit and feedback).
If selected: For which categories of antimicrobials? (Check all that apply.)
Cefepime, ceftizidime, or piperacillin/tazobactam
Ertapenem, imipenem/cilastatin, or meropenem
Ceftazidime/avibactam, ceftolozane/tazobactam, meropenem/vaborbactam, or other recently FDA- approved beta-lactam/beta-lactamase inhibitors
Colistin or polymyxin B
□ Vancomycin
Daptomycin, linezolid, or other anti-MRSA agents
Anidulafungin, caspofungin, or micafungin
Isavuconazole, posaconazole, or voriconazole
Amphotericin B and/or lipid-based amphotericin B
□ None of the above
□ Required authorization by the stewardship team before restricted antibiotics on the formulary can be dispensed (i.e., prior authorization).
If selected: For which categories of antimicrobials? (Check all that apply.)
Cefepime, ceftizidime, or piperacillin/tazobactam
Ertapenem, imipenem/cilastatin, or meropenem
Ceftazidime/avibactam, ceftolozane/tazobactam, meropenem/vaborbactam, or other recently FDA- approved beta-lactam/beta-lactamase inhibitors
Colistin or polymyxin B
□ Quinolones
□ Vancomycin
Daptomycin, linezolid, or other anti-MRSA agents
Anidulafungin, caspofungin, or micafungin
□ Isavuconazole, posaconazole, or voriconazole
□ Amphotericin B and/or lipid-based amphotericin B
□ None of the above
□ None of the above



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36*. Providers have access to facility- or region-specific treatment guidelines or recommendations for commonly encountered infections. □ Yes □ No			
If Yes: Our stewardship team monitors adherence to facility- or region-specific treatment guidelines or recommendations for commonly encountered infections.			
37*. Our facility targets select diagnoses for active interventions to optimize antibiotic use (e.g., intervening on duration of therapy for patients with community-acquired pneumonia according to clinical response).			
38*. Our stewardship team monitors: (Check all that apply.)			
□ Antibiotic resistance patterns (either facility- or region-specific)			
Clostridioides difficile			
□ Antibiotic use in days of therapy (DOT) per 1000 patient days or days present, at least quarterly			
□ Antibiotic use in defined daily doses (DDD) per 1000 patient days, at least quarterly			
□ Antibiotic expenditures (i.e., purchasing costs), at least quarterly			
□ Antibiotic use in some other way (please specify):			
□ None of the above			
If antibiotic use in DOT, DDD, or some other way is selected: Our stewardship team provides individual-, unit-, or service-specific reports on antibiotic use to prescribers, at least annually.			
If Yes is selected: Our stewardship team uses individual-, unit-, or service-specific antibiotic use reports to target feedback to prescribers about how they can improve their antibiotic prescribing, at least annually.			
39*. Our stewardship team provides the following updates or reports, at least annually: (Check all that apply.)			
Updates to facility leadership on antibiotic use and stewardship efforts.			
Outcomes for antibiotic stewardship interventions to staff.			
□ None of the above			
40*. Which of the following groups receive education on appropriate antibiotic use at least annually? (Check all that apply.)			
Prescribers			
Nursing staff			
Pharmacists			
□ None of the above			
Optional Antibiotic Stewardship Practices Questions			
Responses to the following questions are not required to complete the annual survey.			
Please provide additional information about your facility's antibiotic stewardship activities and leadership.			
41. Antibiotic stewardship activities are integrated into quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives.			



Patient Safety Component—Annual He	ospital Survey
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42. Our facility accesses targeted remote stewardship expertise (e.g., tele- stewardship) to obtain facility-specific support for our antibiotic stewardship efforts.	□ Yes	🗆 No
43. Our facility has a clinical decision support tool embedded in the electronic health record for antibiotic use or stewardship interventions available to prescribers.	□ Yes	🗆 No
44. Our stewardship team works with the microbiology laboratory to inform cascade and/or selective reporting protocols for isolate □ Yes □ No susceptibilities.	our facilit use casc	pplicable, by does not ade and/or reporting
45. Our stewardship team monitors compliance with appropriate surgical prophylaxis.	□ Yes	□ No
 46. If you selected 'Yes' to question 34 (your facility has a leader (or co-leaders) responsible for stewardship outcomes): Which committees or leadership entities provide oversight of your facilit stewardship efforts? (Check all that apply.) Pharmacy director Pharmacy & therapeutics Patient safety Quality improvement Executive leadership (e.g., CEO, CMO) Board of directors Other (please specify):	ty's antibio Intibiotic st	ewardship
 48. If you selected 'Pharmacist' or 'Co-led' (your facility's leader (or co-leader) responsible for stewardship outcomes is a Pharmacist): On average, what percent time does the pharmacist (or to antibiotic stewardship activities in your facility? (Check one.) □ 1-25% □ 26-50% □ 51-75% □ 76-100% 		dedicate
 49. If you selected that the physician (co) leader has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in the description: What percent time for antibiotic stewardship activities is specified in the physician (or job description? (Check one.) □ 1-25% □ 26-50% □ 51-75% □ 76-100% □ Not specified 		



Patient Safety Component—Annual Hospital Survey					
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50. If you selected that the pharmacist (co) leader has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description: What percent time for antibiotic stewardship activities is specified in the pharmacist (co) leader's contract or job description? (Check one.)					
□ 26-50% □ 51-75% □ 76-100% □ Not specified					
Water Management Program (prevent legionella)					
(*Optional section. Responses to the following questions are not re Completed with input from facility water management team.)	quired to complete the	annual sur	vey.		
51. Have you performed an assessment of the water systems in your fact identify areas of risk for growth and transmission of Legionella and other opportunistic waterborne pathogens? (e.g. pseudomonas, acinetobacter burkholderia, and nontuberculous mycobacteria)		□ Yes	□ No		
If Yes, when? (Check one)					
□ ≤ 1 year ago □ ≥ 1-3 years ago					
$\Box \ge 3$ years ago \Box Other (please specify):					
52. Has your hospital established a team specifically for the purpose of a and implementing a water management program to prevent the growth a transmission of Legionella and other waterborne pathogens?		□ Yes	□ No		
If Yes, who is represented on the team? (Check all that apply)					
Hospital Epidemiologist/ Infection Preventionist	□ Compliance Officer				
Hospital Administrator	Hospital Administrator Risk/Quality Management Staff				
Facilities Manager/ Engineer	□ Infectious Disease Cl	inician			
53. Do you regularly monitor the following parameters in your building's	water system? (Check all	that apply)			
Disinfectant (such as residual chlorine):		□ Yes	🗆 No		
If Yes, do you have a plan for corrective actions when the following parameters are not within acceptable limits as determined by your water management program?		□ Yes	□ No		
Temperature:		□ Yes	🗆 No		
If Yes, do you have a plan for corrective actions when the follow parameters are not within acceptable limits as determined by your water management program?		□ Yes	□ No		



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(Question 53 continued.)		
If Yes, do you have a plan for corrective actions when the following parameters are not within acceptable limits as determined by your water management program?	□ Yes	□ No
Specific tests for Legionella:	□ Yes	🗆 No
If Yes, do you have a plan for corrective actions when the following parameters are not within acceptable limits as determined by your water management program?	□ Yes	□ No

Healthcare Personnel Influenza **Vaccination Summary**

Page 1 of 2 *required for saving, ^conditionally required for saving

Record the number	of healthcare personnel	(HCP) for each	category below for the influ	Jenza season be	ing tracked.				
*Facility ID#:		^Location:							
*Vaccination type: Influenza	*Influenza subtypeª: □ Seasonal	*Influenza Se	Season ^b : Date Last//						
		Employee HCP	Non-Employee HCP						
		*Employees (staff on facility payroll)	*Licensed independent practitioners: Physicians, advanced practice nurses, & physician assistants	*Adult students/ trainees & volunteers	Other Contract Personnel				
1. Number of HCP who worked at this healthcare facility for at least 1 day between October 1 and March 31									
 Number of HCP who received an influenza vaccination at this healthcare facility since influenza vaccine became available this season 									
3. Number of HCP who provided a written report or documentation of influenza vaccination outside this healthcare facility since influenza vaccine became available this season									
4. Number of HCP who have a medical contraindication to the influenza vaccine									
5. Number of HCP who declined to receive the influenza vaccine									
6. Number of HCP v vaccination status questions 2-5 abo	s (or criteria not met for								
Custom Fields									
Label		1	Label		,				
	/	/		/	/				
Commonte									
Comments									
 ^a For the purposes of NHSN, influenza subtype refers to whether seasonal or non-seasonal vaccine is used. Seasonal is the default and only current choice. ^b For the purposes of NHSN, a flu season is defined as July 1 to June 30. Assurance of Confidentiality: The voluntarily provided information obtained in this surveillance system that would permit identification of any individual or 									
institution is collected with	institution is collected with a guarantee that it will be held in strict confidence, will be used only for the purposes stated, and will not otherwise be disclosed or released without the consent of the individual, or the institution in accordance with Sections 304, 306 and 308(d) of the Public Health Service Act (42 USC								

242b, 242k, and 242m(d)). CDC 57.214 v2, R8.2

Healthcare Personnel Influenza Vaccination Summary

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Question 1 (Denominator) Notes:

- Include all HCP who have worked at the facility for at least 1 working day during the reporting period, regardless of clinical responsibility or patient contact. This includes HCP who joined after October 1 or left before March 31, or who were on extended leave during part of the reporting period. Working for any number of hours a day counts as one working day.
- Include both full-time and part-time persons. If a HCW works in two or more facilities, each facility should include the HCW in their denominator. Count HCP as individuals rather than full-time equivalents.
- Licensed practitioners who receive a direct paycheck from the reporting facility, or who are owners of the reporting facility, should be counted as employees.
- The HCP categories are mutually exclusive. Each HCP should be counted only once in the denominator (question 1).

Questions 2-6 (Numerator) Notes:

- Questions 2-6 are mutually exclusive. The sum of the HCP in questions 2-6 should equal the number of HCP in question 1 for each HCP category. Questions 2-6 are to be reported separately for each of the three HCP categories.
- <u>Only</u> the following HCP should be counted in question 4: HCP with (1) a severe allergic reaction to eggs or other vaccine component(s) or (2) a history of Guillain-Barré Syndrome within 6 weeks after a previous influenza vaccination.
- The following should be counted in question 5 (declined to receive influenza vaccine):
 - HCP who declined vaccination because of conditions other than those included in question 4.
 - o HCP who declined vaccination and did not provide any other information.
 - HCP who did not receive vaccination because of religious or philosophical exemptions.
 - HCP who deferred vaccination for the entire influenza season (for example, from October 1 through March 31).